THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

PULASKI COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

COWPER & MOORE,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville Street,

Opposite Pescud's Drug Store,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts against parties residing in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission,

Real Estate,
Gold and Silver Coin,
State Bonds,
Stocks, and
Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

JUST received a few kegs of fine Virginia Mountain Butter. Also, for sale, several firkins of New York Goshen Butter. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

FINE Flour and Buckwheat, Onion Setts, early Garden Peas, (Marrowfat and Early Washington) and Onions. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

A SUPERIOR article of Yadkin County Rye Whiskey, Cheese, Molasses, Sugar, Georgia Wine, by the case or bottle, and Dr. Orton's Carminative Bitters and Plantation Bitters.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 123, tf.

FOR SALE.

A LOT of fine Northern Apples. Borax by the barrel at New York cost. Rod Iron, Hats and Caps, Crockery, and Liquorice by the case.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

COTTON Yarns, by the bale, Cotton Sheeting, a very fine horse, a second hand Buggy, Wagon Harness, wheel and lead Setts, Reins and Horse Covers, fine Saddles and Bridles. Also, Durham's Smoking Tobacco. Cigars and Snuff.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

LAW and miscellaneous books, silver plated Ware, Cotton Card faces, fine Sweat Oil, by the case, at New York cost, Sole Leather, Buttons, Stoves, Sewing Machines, Washing Soap, very cheap, by the box, Wool, and a fine Gun—shoots five times, ball or shot. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A VERY fine residence, in the city of Raleigh, to rent—fifteen acres of land attached. Also, two nice dwellings, situated on the principal street, for sale. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

Old Nick Williams Whiskey.

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand of Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders the COWPER & MOORE

HENRY R. BRYAN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NEWBERNE, N. C.

Dec. 29-118-3m.

PAINTING.

H. T. CLAWSON,

HOUSE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,

AND

Imitator of every variety of

Marble and Wood.

Gilding on Glass and Wood, and Japan Tin Office Signs,

Executed to order, with neatness and dispatch.

THANKFUL to my friends for the very liberal patronage I have received, hope by unremitting exertions to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Shop on third door of North Carolina Book Store Building. Feb 1, 147, 6m.

FRAZER'S HOTEL

At Trinity College, N. C.

THE proprietor has opened a Hotel in the buildings at the northwest corner of the campus, and offers accommodation to transient customers, students, and the public generally. His rooms are large and will speedily be well furnished. His table will be supplied with the best, and his charges will be reasonable. His hack will meet the cars at High Point daily, Sundays excepted.

W. C. FRAZER, Proprietor.

Feb 2, 148, 2w, pd.

Appointments for Wake Circuit.

I WILL preach at Mt. Zion on the first Sunday in February, at Oaky Grove, on the second Sunday, and at Holland's on the 3rd Sunday

J. B. BOBBITT.

Clayton, Feb 2, 148, 1w

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N. C. JOHN H. HYMAN, late of Scotland Neck, N. C

F. M. HYMAN, late of Warrenton, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

FOR THE

Sale of all kinds of Southern Produce,

—AND—

Agents for procuring and forwarding

White Laborers to the South.

Office No. 80 Cedar Street, New York.

Dr. John Arrington, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

All produce consigned to us will meet with prompt shipping attention by the following Agents:

W. H. McRARY & CO.,	Wilmington, N. C.
WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,	Newberne, "
GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,	Washington, "
RICKS, HILL & CO.,	Norfolk, Va.

Jan. 30, 145, tf.

WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE.

WARRENTON, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION WILL BEGIN ON Wednesday, January 24th, 1866.

Ample facilities afforded for a thorough education.

For circulars, address E. E. PARHAM.

Jan 25, 139, 1m.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1866 NO. 157.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitutes a square

1 Insertion	$1.00	1 weeks	$ 6.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	2 months	15.00
4 "	2.50	3 "	20.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

DAILY SENTINEL.

Tuesday, February 13, 1866.

Report on Banks and Banking.

The Joint Select Committee, to whom so much of the Governor's Message as refers to Banks and Banking, and the Resolutions inquiring into the condition of the Banks of the State were referred, beg leave to submit the following report:

If the corporations of the Banks still exist unimpaired by the revolution and its legal consequences, the Legislature cannot legitimately interfere with their capital, or divert it to any other purposes than those authorized by their charters, until the outstanding obligations are discharged: for such legislation would tend to impair contracts, which the Constitution of the United States forbids. These institutions are largely in debt; the debts contracted on the faith and credit of the coin, which their charter requires them to keep in their vaults. Any legislation authorizing the transfer of that coin into another direction by the corporation, is in the opinion of the Committee, in spirit, if not in letter, a violation of a contract.

After carefully investigating the subject, the Committee is of the opinion that all, or nearly all, of the corporations of the State have ceased as corporations, to exist, as a legal consequence of the revolution, and the complete conquest of the State. It is a well settled principle of international law, (so well settled it is unnecessary to refer to authorities,) that in a conquered country all laws and all rights of persons and property cease to exist, except such laws and such rights as the conqueror chooses to decree. No one will deny that the South was conquered and surrendered without terms; no one can doubt that in the opinion of President Johnson, we were a conquered people, and that he, as commander-in chief of the armies of the conquering power, had a right to decree such laws as to him seemed best. He refused to accept the terms offered by General Sherman to recognize North Carolina as a *de facto* government. He proceeded in a manner unknown to our laws, to appoint a Provisional Governor; without the forms of law, he deprives the people of the State of two-thirds of their property without just compensation;" he declares in his proclamation, not that a part of the civil laws were at an end, but that "all civil government was at an end in North Carolina." He provided for a call of a Convention, not in accordance with our Constitution, prescribing qualifications for delegates and voters in a manner unknown to our laws. In obedience to the will of the President, the Provisional Governor declares all civil offices in the State vacant, and proceeds to fill the same prescribing officers for corporations, and qualifications for stockholders in said corporations as voters, or proxies: regulates our Courts, when and where to be held, and what subjects should be cognizable before them. In obedience to the proclamation of the Governor, a Convention assembled, which Convention, by its acts, accepts of and recognizes the fact that it was called by the authority of the President as a conqueror, and proceeded to act according to said terms, receiving messages and dispatches from the President controlling the action of the Convention in matters of vital importance to the people of the State, abolishing slavery, removing all civil officers, and declaring by ordinance, that "Whereas, doubts may arise from the late attempt of North Carolina to secede from the United States, whether any and what laws have been and now are in force, &c," and ordaining by said ordinance all laws not inconsistent with the Constitution of the United States, &c. The Convention gives legality to the principle that it was decreed by the President conqueror, otherwise, we have had no Convention. There is now no civil government, no Legislature, as all owe their existence to the permission of the President, and not to Constitutional forms. This idea of the supreme power of the President has been acquiesced in by the people, by the Convention, and is now recognized by the Legislature enacting such laws as are decreed by the President, he not only recommending, but demanding such and such measures as a condition precedent to civil government. Measures at variance with what we deem to be our best interest, and repugnant to all of our feelings have been, and are continually being enacted simply because it was so decreed by the President. It is our interest to continue to conform to the decrees of the President.

The question arises, what is the legal effect of the ordinance of the Convention declaring what laws are in force or corporations, it being admitted by the whole theory of the government and impliedly in said ordnance that during the revolution, corporations with all other laws ceased to exist? No one will doubt but that with the consent of the President, the Convention had power to ordain charters for corporations. Yet the corporations being in the nature of a contract between the State and its citizens, once ceasing to exist, the corporators can accept of charters or not; but until accepted by the corporators the ordnance is of no effect.—The Committee is not informed that the stockholders of any bank have accepted the ordinance of the Convention, and it is not to be presumed they will do so, as such an act would be against their interest, as from the recent message of the Governor we learn that the banks are hopelessly insolvent not being able to pay ten cents in the dollar. It is a well settled principle of law in this State, that corporations expiring, the debts both due from and to the corporations cease to exist as liabilities. Judge Gaston says in the case of Fox *vs.* Horah, 1 Iredell Equity—"it is not to be questioned, we think, that on the expiration of the charter, the debts of every kind due from the banks were extinguished as completely as debts due to it." The same principle is decided in Jones' Equity, 6 vol. Mallett *vs.* Malloy. From the reasons above set forth, the Committee is of the opinion that by the effects of the revolution in the language of the President, "depriving the people of North Carolina of all civil government" the charters of the Banks expired, and cannot be renewed except by the consent of the corporators, and this Legislature cannot interfere, as all the questions connected with the corporations are for judicial and not legislative action.

In Memphis matrimonial alliances are becoming the order of the day. In one week twenty-two young ladies and six widows were married in that city.

DISSOLUTION.

RALEIGH, Feb. 1, 1866.

THE firm heretofore doing business under the name of **B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.**, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be conducted as heretofore under the same name.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf.

NORTH STATE

IRON & BRASS WORKS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE undersigned beg leave to announce that these useful works are again opened, and that they are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings, repair steam Engines, Mill Irons, and all kinds of machinery upon short notice.

They keep constantly on hand one and two horse Plows, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Hoes, Carts, Wagons, Wheelbarrows, Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Bar Iron, Sheet Iron, Plow Bolts, &c., &c.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, 3m

TIN.

20 BOXES best Charcoal Sheet Tin in store.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

FLOUR.

200 BARRELS Flour of all grades, in store and arriving.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

BUTTER.

30 TUBS fresh Mountain Butter in small and large packages. Just received.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

PLOWS.

25 Allen's Number 50 Plows,
25 do do 60 do
20 do do 18 do
Just received.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

SPADES AND SHOVELS.

5 dozen Ames' long handle Shovels,
10 do Spades—in store.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

WHISKEY.

20 BARRELS superior Corn Whiskey—in store and arriving.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

SUGAR.

12 BARRELS Chesapeake Yellow Sugar—just received.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

COFFEE.

10 SACKS prime Rio Coffee—just received.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

HOES.

50 DOZEN Weeding Hoes—just received.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

NAILS.

250 KEGS Nails, all sizes—in store.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

COTTON YARN.

700 BUNCHES Cotton Yarn, assorted numbers.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 7, 152, tf

For Sale.

TWO thousand bushels of Cotton Seed.
One thousand barrels of Corn.
One hundred thousand Cypress Shingles.
One Flat Bottom Stern Wheel Steamer.
One Propeller, and two Barges.

Apply to M. McMAHON,
Halifax, N. C.

Feb 6, 151, 2w.

TWO ROOMS,

AT

MRS. M. J. FENTRESS.

A FEW more gentlemen can be accomodated with good boarding and lodging.

Any wishing board, will please make application immediately. No 15 Fayetteville Street.

Jan. 27-142-tm15.

Fresh Garden Seeds.

CABBAGES, Peas, Beans, Onion Seed and Setts, Lettuce, Radish, Egg Plant, Tomatto and all other kinds of Garden Seeds. A large collection of choice English Flower Seed, all of our usual superior quality. Catalogues on application. *Wholesale and retail.*

J. BOLGIANO & SONS,
28 South Calvert Street,
Baltimore, Md.

Papers for retail dealers supplied in quantities to suit. Feb 5, 150, 2w

Gen. Lane's School for Boys.

CONCORD, N. C.

THE first session of this School will commence February 12th, 1866, and continue twenty weeks:

Terms as follows payable in advance:

Primary English,	$25 00
Higher English,	30 00
Latin and Greek,	37 50

☞ No deductions will be made for absence except in cases of protracted sickness.

Pupils entering after the commencement of the session will be charged in proportion to the above rates.

Good board can be had in respectable families for about $15 per month.

The patrons of this school may feel assured that their sons will be thoroughly instructed and well trained.

The Principal is a graduate of the University of Va., and, also, of the Virginia Military Institute; and, prior to his entering the Confederate Army as Major of the N. C. "Bother" Regiment, he was successfully engaged in teaching, having filled successively the positions of Assistant Professor in the Virginia Military Institute, Professor in the State Seminary of Florida, and Professor in the N. C. Military Institute at Charlotte. He will be assisted by an educated gentleman, who is also an experienced teacher.

JAS. H. LANE, A. M., Principal,

Feb 8, 153, 2w

AUCTION SALE.

By WALKER, FARRAR & CO.,

Newbern, N. C.

AT their Store, on Craven street, Thursday, the 15th, will be sold at auction:

1000 packages of manufactured tobacco, nearly every grade.

A quantity of smoking tobacco, variety of brands.

Many articles of merchandise.

All sold on consignment, to raise money.

Persons wishing to make consignments, will send them in as early as possible. Dealers will here have an opportunity for investing seldom offered.

Tobacco sale will commence precisely at 12 o'clock.

Feb 9, 15s, 1w

Warrenton Male Academy.

WARRENTON, N. C.

BOYS prepared for College or the practical pursuits of life.

Tuition $18 and $25 per session of 20 weeks.

Board $60 per session in same family with one of the teachers.

JNO. E. DUGGER, A. M.,
Feb 8, 153, 1m Principal.

O. G. PARSLEY, JOHN JUDGE. } O. G. PARSLEY, JR. HENRY SATAGE.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.

Importers

AND

Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Solicit Consignments for Sale or Shipment of

Cotton,
Cotton Yarns,
Domestics,
Naval Stores,

And other

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Have always in Store, and are receiving constantly, consignments, for sale at lowest market rates, of

Gunny Bagging, Gunny Bags,
Bale Rope, Mess Pork,
Bacon Sides and Shoulders,
Sugar, Coffee, Molasses,
Flour, Butter, Cheese,
Irish Potatoes, Onions,
Crackers, Mackerel,
Pickled Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Codfish, Nails,
Powder, Shot,
Window Glass, Paints,
Linseed, Kerosene, Tanners', and
Lubricating Oils, in 5-gal. cans & bbls.,
Whiskey,
Jamaica Rum and Gin
Soap, Candles,
Starch, Salt, Lime, &c., &c., &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. F. Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.

AGENTS FOR

DUPONT'S POWDER.

300 Hhds New Crop Molasses, direct from Cardenas, daily expected.

To arrive during February or March:—

2,000 Bags Coffee direct from Rio Janeiro.

200 Hhds. Sugar direct from Porto Rico.

Jan. 1-110-3m.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

79 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth, Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Orders solicited for the purchase of Goods.

☞ *All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped, on all Rail Roads, and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.*

☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

THOS. J. SUMNER,	Charlotte,	N C
DANIEL WORTH,	Company Shops,	"
S. G. MURPHY,	New York City,	
ROBERT R. SWEPSON,	"	"
G. W. SWEPSON,	Haw River,	N C
C. P. MENDENHALL,	Greensboro,	"

October 26, 1865-69-tf.

HENRY M. GILES

WITH

GRIFFIN, BRO. & CO.,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Importers and Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Liquors,

Tobacco, Cigars, &c.

No. 105 WEST LOMBARD STREET,

and

No. 2 BALDERSTON STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

W. H. GRIFFIN, S. H. GRIFFIN, A. CAPEHART

Jan. 31, 146, 1m.

TEXAS—TOBACCO.

PARTIES who desire to ship Tobacco to Galveston, Texas, where it can be sold at a fair figure, can do so by applying to the undersigned at Salisbury, N. C., who will send a vessel from Wilmington at an early day—part of the cargo being already secured.

ROBERTS, HUTCHISON & FOSTER.

Salisbury, Feb 8, 154, 10t

*** Standard copy and forward bill to the advertisers.

PROSPECTUS.

THE publication of the

The North Carolina Presbyterian

will be resumed in Fayetteville, on Wednesday, the 2nd of January next.

Confidently relying on the hearty support which we have heretofore received, we shall endeavor to render the paper more attractive, both in appearance and matter, than it has ever been, sparing neither pains or expense in the accomplishment of this purpose.

With the passing away of old things, a new spirit of activity, energy and enterprise, has been infused into every department of secular thought and business. Why should not the Church, also, partake of the progressive advancement? Why should she, of all the agencies brought to bear with such tremendous force upon the civilization of the present time, be inefficient, laggard and almost hopeless in the working out of her own destiny?

To arouse the church to the importance and necessity of work; of unceasing, restless, tireless energy in the service of her Master and Head; this shall be our first and chiefest aim In this we need assistance. We are not alone, sufficient for these things. Our brethren must help us in every way; by contributions from their own stores of thought and study; by zealous co-operation in a common cause, for the benefit of all; by extending our circulation throughout all our borders, and thus giving us the means and the opportunity of performing well the work to which we have consecrated all that we have, and all we hope for on earth.

TERMS:

Subscription for one year,	$4 00
" " six months,	2 00

Address B. FULLER,
Editor of the N. C. Presbyterian.

Jan 18, 135, tf

FOR 1866

BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

Bradley's Patent — Duplex Elliptic

SKIRTS.

EACH HOOP BEING COMPOSED OF TWO PERfectly Tempered Single Springs, braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, forming one hoop, and making the *strongest* and most *flexible*, the *light est* and most *durable spring* made.

They will not bend or break like the *single springs* but will always preserve their *perfect* and *beautiful shape*, in all

Crowded Assemblages,
Churches,
Theatres,
Railroad Cars,
For Promenade
or House Dress,

In fact, they are superior to all others, combining

Comfort,
Economy,
Lightness and
Durability.

Enquire for

Bradley's Duplex Elliptic or Double Spring Skirt.

For sale *everywhere*. Manufactured exclusively by the sole owners of the patent,

Wests, Bradley & Cary,

97 *Chambers* and 79 *and* 81 *Reade Sts, New York.*

A full assortment of these Superior Skirts constantly on hand, and for sale in a great variety of sizes, by

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,
A. KLINE.
RANDALL & MANN,

And all other Merchants who sell First Class Skirts in this City and throughout the Southern States.

Jan 9, 147, 3ms

Coe's Super-Phosphate of Lime,

OR

BONE MANURE.

WARRANTED GENUINE.

BEING MADE OF THE BEST MATERIAL AND in the most approved manner, it is recommended to the public as superior to any other in the market. All who have used it speak of it in the highest terms of praise, and those engaged in its manufacture will continue their best endeavors to advance the high reputation which it has acquired.

We guarantee the Phosphate to be well manufactured, and recommend it in preference to any other artificial manure in the market. We consider it nearly equal to the best Peruvian Guano, although furnished at half the price.

Messrs. B. H. Allen & Co., the well known manufacturers of agricultural implements, say of it:

"We take pleasure in stating that we have sold E. F. Coe's Super-Phosphate of Lime for four years—It has given universal satisfaction to our customers. We most cheerfully endorse it as an article worthy of the confidence of the public, and the purchaser may rely upon securing an article honestly and carefully manufactured.

"We would state that, after careful examination, we believe this Phosphate has been improved each year since its introduction in this market, and that it will continue to maintain its present high standing. "Very respectfully,

"R. H. ALLEN & CO.,
"No. 191 Water street, New York."

E. FRANK COE, Esq.,

Annexed please find result of my analysis of sample of your Super Phosphate of Lime left with me. This being such a superior article in every respect, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon such manufacture, which undoubtedly will meet with great success

Wishing you every success, I am,
Respectfully yours,
G. A. LEIBIG.

BALTIMORE, August 3, 1864.

Of Free Phosphoric Acid Hyd. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	10.28 7.46.
Of Bi-Phosphate of Lime. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	6.10 3.70.
Of Neutral Phosphate of Lime containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	8.86 4.36.
Of Sulphate of Lime hydrated containing of Sulphuric Acid (Soz.)	45.34 21.20.
Of Alkaline Salts as Sulphates.	1.11
Of Organic Combustible Matter. capable of producing Ammonia.	2.858 3.76.
Of Animal Coal and Sand.	5.00
Phosphoric Acid soluble in Water.	11.15.
Phosphoric Acid insoluble in Water.	4.36.
Ammonia	3.76.

MANUFACTURED BY

ENOCH COE, Hunter's Point L. I.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APPOINted Agents for the Sale of North Carolina, and will supply this superior fertilizer at manufacturers' prices.

Put up in barrels of about 300 pounds weights

100 Barrels now in Store,

and for sale by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 1-120-3m.

HAMPSHIRE COAL.

CARGO OF 275 TONS HAMPSHIRE COAL DAily expected from Baltimore.

This coal is bituminous, and perhaps the best coal known for steam purposes, whether for locomotives or steamboats. It is used almost exclusively by Northern railroad companies and the Cunard Steamers. It is also represented as the best blacksmith's coal in the country, and is very extensively used in iron works for forging, etc. It is soft and friable, the fine coal being as good for use as the lump.

The attention of railroad companies, iron works and machine shops, is particularly invited to the importance of a trial of this coal.

The undersigned having been appointed agent for the Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Company, will be prepared to furnish any quantity required, at a reasonable price.

Orders respectfully solicited.

PETER MALLETT,
No. 23 North Water street.

Wilmington, January 16-123-1m.

TURNBULL, RIACH AND MURDOCH.

16 HANOVER ST., *BALTIMORE.* | 7 COLLEGE PLACE, *NEW YORK.*

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarn, Sheetings and Osnaburgs, Wool and Woolen Goods.

REFERENCES:

Chas. P. Mallet, Esq.,	Chapel Hill.
Chas. B. Mallett, Esq.,	Fayetteville.
Geo. W. Williams & Co.,	Fayetteville.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.,	Greensboro.
James Sloan, Esq.,	Greensboro.
Thomas R. Tate, Esq.,	Charlotte.
R. Mickle, Esq., Cashier Union Bank,	Baltimore.

October 2-48-1y.

JOHN F. FOARD,

COMMISSION, AUCTION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANT,

AND AGENT FOR

Selling or Leasing Real Estate,

NEAR OLD COUNTY WHARF

NEWBERN N. C.

REFERENCES.

A T Jerkins, President Bank of Commerce, Newbern; Dr W J Hawkins, late Pres't of R & G R R; Hon N Boyden, Pres't of N C R R, Salisbury; Col Wm Johnston, Pres't Charlotte & S C R R, Charlotte; Hon J M Morehead Greensboro; Rev Dr Deems, Raleigh and Rev W E Pell, editor of *Sentinel* at Raleigh. oct 28-71-6ms

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,
Sycamore Street, Petersburg.
THOS. BRANCH & CO.,
49 Main Street, Richmond.
BRANCH, SONS & CO.,
Augusta, Ga.

Bankers and Commission Merchants.

DEALERS IN COIN, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Exchange, Southern Bank Notes, Stocks and Bonds.

☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account.

☞ Liberal advancements made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold $100,000 Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old negotiable notes to the Banks Dec 2-99-3m.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N C, November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

Whitford, Dill & Co.,

for the transaction of a Shipping and General

Commission Business,

in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandize, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and state and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi-Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States, and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.

JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.

November 29, 1865 96 6ms

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

COSMOPOLITE.

ON THE FIRST OF JANUARY WE WILL commence the publication, in the City of Baltimore, of a monthly

Literary Magazine.

There is no publication of this character now issued South of New York City, and the closing of the war has left a large portion of the people of the country with no literary representative.

The COSMOPOLITE will be devoted to

Literature, Art, Reviews, Scientific Papers and General Reading,

and we shall number among its contributors some of the first literary men of the South, with others from the North and from London and Paris.

All matter not original will be carefully selected from the newest and best of the English, French and German publications; and its Editors will spare no effort or expense to make it rank with the VERY FIRST magazines of the country.

As its name imports, we have established the COSMOPOLITE upon no sectional basis. We hope to make it the organ of general literature alone; and will be uninfluenced by any party or clique whatever.

It will be mailed to subscribers in any part of the country upon receipt of the following

Subscription:

Single Copies, for one year,	$3 00
Five Copies for one year,	13 00
Ten copies for one year,	24 00

☞ The COSMOPOLITE will be generally distributed among the Merchants and Planters of the South, and we will add, for their information, a few advertisements, at moderate rates.

☞ Liberal deductions will be made to booksellers and newsdealers.

☞ Newspapers publishing this prospectus and sending a marked copy to the undersigned, will receive a copy of the magazine. Address

DE LEON & CO.,
P. O. Box 266, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 18, 135, tf.

HART & LEWIS,

44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,

AGENTS FOR

STEWART'S "Extension Top," "Queen of the South," and "Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS,
Jan 22, 138, tf. 44 Fayetteville Street.

THE DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES, } Editors.

Tuesday, February 13, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

Per Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

Report on Banks and Banking.

We alluded to this report the other day as having been styled "extraordinary;" but expressed the hope that on reading it, our opinion would be more favorable. We have been prevented from giving it a perusal and examining its teachings until now. It appears on the outside of this issue.

The reader will remember, that to this committee was submitted so much of Gov. Worth's message as referred to Banks and Banking, and certain resolutions enquiring into the condition of the Banks.

The report assumes that "if the corporations of the Banks still exist, unimpaired by the revolution and its legal consequences," the Legislature cannot interfere with them so as to pervert the designs of their charters, as this would "impair the obligation of contracts." It is not proposed by Gov. Worth or by the friends of the plan, to divert either the Banks from their original purposes of Banking, or the coin they possess from the use and benefit of its rightful owners, the creditors of the Banks; but that the Banks may so employ, what has been left from the general wreck, in the legitimate business of Banking, for the special benefit of the creditors and the benefit of the stockholders and public, incidentally. We humbly conceive that the proposition is perfectly legitimate and proper. The Banks in their present crippled condition *cannot* comply with their contracts, if the Legislature forces them to liquidation, which it would be bound to do if the corporations have been made void by the "legal consequences of the revolution," it would most certainly *compel* them to fail in compliance with their contracts, which would most certainly *impair* them. This tender-footedness on the inviolability of contracts so strongly insisted upon in the beginning of the report, is most clearly ignored in the remainder.

The report secondly, affirms that after a careful investigation, the committee is of opinion that all, or nearly all, of the corporations of the State, have ceased to exist, "as a legal consequence of the revolution." How "legal" consequences can follow an event, in the absence of all law and all civil government, it is difficult to perceive. The report, however, goes on to sustain and elaborate this idea, by the strangest conglomeration and mystification of facts,—a medley of truth and error—of *conservatism* and *radicalism*, mixing up the views of President Johnson, with those of Stevens and Sumner, in such affinity, as will strike the reader as very "extraordinary." The strong endorsation of a city cotemporary, and the striking similarity of sentiment, between the editorial and the report, look as if they emanated from the same treadmill.

The report sets forth the idea that the States are conquered provinces, in the same sense that one foreign State or country is conquered by another foreign power, and backs up its position by "a well settled principle of international law, (so well settled it is unnecessary to refer to authorities,) that in a conquered country, all laws and all rights of persons and property, cease to exist, except such rights as the conqueror chooses to decree." This view, as applied to the Southern States, is identical with that of the Radicals, and differs widely from the principles laid down by Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Seward at Fortress Monroe, and by President Johnson subsequently. If correct, it establishes beyond question the right of the Southern States to *secede*, and on failure, the right of the U. S. government to reduce them to a territorial condition, or to hold them as conquered provinces *ad libitum*.

Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Seward maintained at Fortress Monroe, that the Confederacy was a myth, an attempt to separate from the common government without the shadow of constitutional right, but it was then and had always been, part and parcel of the United States government, though in a state of revolt. And that the restoration was natural and easy. That the South must lay down its arms, and allow the common government peaceably to resume its legitimate functions over them. It was upon this basis, that Gen. Sherman predicated his plan of surrender and restoration. In the then condition of affairs, however, President Johnson did not think it the better plan, but in all his subsequent positions and declarations, he has essentially adhered to the Lincoln-Seward principle. He has totally ignored the vicious and unconstitutional idea of the Radicals, that the Southern States had the right to secede and become a foreign state or government; he has insisted that the attempt was rebellious and revolutionary, and that the result—the failure of the South to make good its revolt, did not carry with it the legal consequence of the utter abrogation of all laws and corporations, but only those which were inimical to or in violation of their fealty to the U. S. government and constitution.

President Johnson positively affirms that the States did not lose their character as States—that they still possessed the organic and inherent power of fulfilling their obligations as States, and that by consequence all laws and corporations passed by the States which were not in violation of the constitution and laws of the United States, were not abrogated, but simply suspended by the overruling necessity of the presence of military authority.

The report pretends to make a very serious point, at the declaration of President Johnson in his proclamation, that "all civil government was at an end in North Carolina," as if it was supposed that the President meant that the termination of the civil government was a "legal consequence of the revolution;" in other words, the penalty of the crime of rebellion; whereas, it is manifest from all that the President has said, he meant that the civil government was simply suspended because of the necessity for the presence of military authority.

That this view is correct, is plain from the entire course of the President, and from all his declarations. "A State" he says "cannot commit treason"—the people and those who conduct their affairs, may be traitors and rebellious, but a State cannot be. So of corporations. Their conductors and agents may be rebellious, so much so that their removal from office may be necessary, but the corporations still exist until they expire by limitation, or are abrogated by law because of a forfeiture of their charters.

But the report attempts to bolster up its assumptions, by an array of the acts of the President and of the Provisional Governors. It is a sufficient answer to all this to say, that throughout the entire course of the President, but one leading principle has guided him. He has shown no hostility to the States—he has neither assumed nor exercised any authority to "impair contracts," to dissolve or destroy States or corporations or laws made in conformity to the constitution and laws of the United States.—His quarrel has been with the rebellious or the revolutionists, whose object was to subvert or throw off the common government.

His interference with those who controlled corporations, seems not to have been a principle of action in the work of restoration. So far as we know, all that has been done in this matter *has been confined to this State and only to a few of the corporations in this State.* This whole matter has always appeared to have been the result of spleen, against a few individuals who managed them—not the spleen of the President, but of those who advised and counselled him. The facts show that the President in no sense thought the corporations involved in the guilt of the revolution, nor were officers removed *because* of their connection with corporations—nor is it pretended that any guilt attached to them because of their connection with corporations, but because being included in the fourteen exceptions to the general amnesty, they were unpardoned.

Nor does the report find any support for its assumptions, in the action of the Convention. That body did not for a moment concede, nor had the President claimed, that all civil government and all laws of the State, had been annulled or abrogated by the "legal consequence, of the revolution." Ordinances and laws had been passed, both by the Convention and the Legislature, which were directly in violation of the Constitution and laws of the United States.—These had been made null and void by the "legal consequences" of the conquest or surrender, and the duty and design of the Convention in the ordinance quoted by the report, was to point out and rescind those and *those only.*

President Johnson has at no time assumed that he, or any other power of the government, has the right, under the constitution, to hold the Southern States as conquered provinces, or under military rule, *ad libitum.* So far from it, he distinctly avows, that so soon as the Southern States, by their action, return in good faith to the government of the United States, they are entitled to the protection, and the rights, and the privileges of the common government. To assert the opposite, is to maintain the vicious and unconstitutional positions of the Radicals.

And these, we contend, the report and the editorial endorsation of it by a city cotemporary, clearly maintain. If, then, the doctrines of the report be the true doctrines—if the doctrines of Sumner and Stevens be the true doctrines, and rightly define the true status of the Southern States, then, indeed, secession was right and was successful, then the States are conquered provinces, all corporations and laws are abrogated, all contracts are void, both State and individual—all property is at the mercy of the conqueror, and military rule may be held over us as long as the government has the power to do it.

But let not radicals and repudiators lay this flattering unction to their souls. President Johnson is unmoved from his position, and he will hold not only the States and people to their allegiance, but he will hold them both to their constitutional and legal obligations.

The only relief which corporations, or individuals or the States may find—the only door open to them for escape from the legal consequences of a full compliance with their pecuniary contracts, will be their utter inability to discharge them, or the application of the equitable tests of a Court of Chancery, in consequence of the terrible disqualifications which the revolution has produced.

Mrs. Stonewall Jackson.

This lady in a letter to a Charleston paper, while grateful for the indications of appreciation and respect for the memory of her illustrious husband, declines to receive any contribution raised for her under the impression that she is the subject of want. Her venerable and excellent father abundantly provides for her, so that she needs nothing.

The Weekly Sentinel.

This is the paper for the country. It contains all the Legislative proceedings—the news—the editorial and the markets of the Daily, without the advertisements. It is only $3 per year. Send in your lists.

Colonies of Europeans are coming into Texas. The Poles are settling on Trinity River, near Palestine. The Germans and others from the Northwestern States are settling in the colonies.

The Conflict---Teachings of History.

The remarkable developements of the last five years, have not certainly had their full solution. That a struggle which commenced thirty years ago in this Republic, growing year by year more fierce and bitter, and at length culminating in the most gigantic civil war ever known in the history of the world, should after four years of the most fiery and deadly character, subside in any short period, after having wasted and devastated one party almost entirely, leaving the other jubilant, menacing and boastful, is impossible. There must be a sequel to all this. The abolition of slavery, though a consequence of the civil strife, and although a stupendous affair—a world's wonder of itself, yet there must be something beyond in the designs of Providence, which we cannot yet unravel.

An intelligent and extensive reader of history, remarked to us the other day, that conflicts between the central executive and legislative powers of governments in modern times at least, had invariably followed the conflict between the States or dependencies and the central power. He cited a number of cases, which the reader of history will readily remember.—We have passed through the fiery ordeal of a war of the States with the central government. The conflict between the Executive and Legislative departments of the central government do not always immediately follow the other, yet the firmness of President Johnson and the temper of Congress, indicate that this fight is upon the tapis. If the President remain firm, of which we have no doubt, the Congress must yield or the fight comes on. The results of such a conflict cannot be doubtful. We trust further strife will be avoided, but if nothing else will give us peace and quiet, it can hardly come too soon.

President Johnson.

Everything which emanates from the President tends to confirm the confidence which the friends of liberty, the constitution and the Union, repose in him. No man has ever filled a more trying position—none have ever had stronger personal inducements looking to future promotion, to abandon his devotion to the Constitution and yield to the purposes of the majority, then he; yet he remains as unyielding as "the beaten anvil to the stroke," and reiterates the principles upon which he planted himself at first.

Recently, he has repeated these declarations in a manner not to be misunderstood, to a delegation from the territory of Montana and to a delegation of blacks, headed by Fred. Douglas. The interview and his address to the delegation from Montana, is every way honorable to the delegation and to the President. He declared it to be his unalterable purpose to stand up to the principles set forth in his message, and he adds, that he is not a candidate for the next Presidency.

The interview with the blacks was embarrassing and discourteous to the President, and disgraceful to Douglass. A more impertinent and ill-mannered course could hardly have been pursued, than marked his conduct. The President, however, plainly adhered to his purpose to oppose negro suffrage. We regret that our space forbids the publication of both his speeches.

Baltimore Conference.

For several years there has existed two Conferences occupying the same territory, both claiming to belong to the Methodist Episcopal Church, named "Baltimore." The one embracing most of the Methodists South of the Potomac and in the Valley of Virginia, has been strongly opposed to the abolition doctrines of the Northern Methodists, the other mostly in Maryland, but strongly abolition, but both claiming to be the Baltimore Conference.

On the 8th inst. the body claiming to be anti-abolition assembled in Alexandria, Va., and organized by the election of a President and Secretaries and proceeded to business. After settling various preliminaries as to who belonged to the body &c., the conference adopted unanimously a series of resolutions declaring that they do unite with and adhere to the Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

Bishop Early being in the city was immediately sent for, and he at once complied and recognized the entire body as members and ministers in communion with the Church, South. The body is composed of twenty-two ministers, and represent about 12,000 Church members.

REDUCTION OF THE MILITARY FORCE IN NORTH CAROLINA.—WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 8.—Orders have been received here to immediately discontinue the Military District of Wilmington. Brevet Brigadier General Goff, commanding, goes to command his regiment, the 37th Colored, with his headquarters at Smithville.

The military post is retained here, garrisoned by four companies of the 28th Michigan.—There are but three regiments of intantry now remaining in the State—two colorod and one white. The department will be soon merged into that of Virginia or South Carolina. Brevet Lieut. Colonel Brodie of the Veteran Reserve Corps has assumed command of this department of the Freedmen's Bureau, relieving Major Wickersham, now absent on leave.

The trains of the Wilmington and Manchester railroad, for the first time since the occupation of the section of country through which it runs, passed over the new bridge on the Pedee river yesterday. We are very glad to know this, and hope soon to have the pleasure of chronicling the completion of the bridge over Brunswick river. It is expected that it will be completed of the bridge over Brunswick river. It is expected that it will be completed the early part of next month.—*Wil. Dispatch.*

The Fredericksburg-*Herald* of Tuesday says: The action of General Terry, in annulling one of the acts of the Virginia Legislature, has had an unhappy effect in this quarter, in regard to sales of land. A number of parties who were here, decided, in view of General Terry's action, that things were in too unsettled a condition in Virginia for them to purchase land and remove their families.

The Macon Messenger advises the young men of Georgia not to go to Mexico, telling them that the whole country will be in the United States within two years.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Feb. 12.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Atkinson of the Presbytrian Church.

The Journal of yesterday, was read and approved.

Mr. Howard, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill in relation to the statutes of limitation, reported back the same with an amendment recommending its passage.

By the same, a resolution conferring certain privileges on the Old Dominion Trading Company, recommending its passage.

Mr. Winstead, from the committee on Public Buildings, to whom was referred a resolution to inquire into the expediency of refitting the Governor's Mansion, reported back the same with a recommendation that the sum of $8000 be appropriated for said purpose.

Mr. Bynum, from the committee on Finance, to whom was referred the resolution declaring what debts are valid and not valid under the ordinance of the Convention, made a special report from the committee, recommending its passage, and, on motion of Mr. Wiggins, was ordered to be printed.

A message from the House in regard to the proposition from the Senate, to furnish clerks of the County Courts and other officers who have not been supplied, or those which have been destroyed, a copy of the revised code and other acts, offered an amendment asking the concurrence of the Senate. Not agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Ferebee, a committee of conference was appointed and sent to the House. Also a proposition to go forthwith into the election of one Trustee of the University of North Carolina. On motion of Mr. Arendell, it was laid on the table.

Mr. Gash introduced a resolution to change the rules of evidence, permitting both plaintiff and defendant to testify in suits.

The bill to repeal an act entitled an act to establish the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, came up, the question arising on striking out the clerk to Comptroller, the proposition from the House was concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Howard, the bill to repeal 12th section, 10th chapter, of the act of the General Assembly passed at the second extra session of the year 1861. [It is the law known as the stay law, and repeals that portion which prohibits the making deeds of trust, &c.]

The bill occasioned a lengthy and interesting discussion, in which Messrs. Howard, McKoy and Wilson supported the repeal, and Messrs. Eure, Morehead, Covington, Pitchford, Carter and Bynum opposed. Mr. Morehead moved its indefinite postponement. Mr. Howard called for the ayes and nays. The vote stood: ayes 21, nays 15. Mr. Eure gave notice of his intention to bring in a substitute.

Mr. Cowles, from the committee on Claims, reported back a resolution in favor of A. W. Fraps, recommending its passage. Also, a resolution in favor of Jacob Siler, the committee asked to be discharged from its further consideration for the want of further information.

Mr. McCleese offered additional names of Justices of the Peace for the county of Hyde which was sent to the House for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Covington, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MONDAY, Feb. 12.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Journal of Saturday was read and approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. Dickey introduced "a bill to renew the charter of the Hiwassee Turnpike."

Mr. Farrow, "a bill to appoint a Board of Commissioners of Navigation." Passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

ON CALENDAR.

"A bill to authorize the construction of a Toll Bridge over the Catawba River, near Rock Island Factory" passed second reading.

"A bill to incorporate the Bladen Land Company;" a bill to amend the charter of the town of Graham; a bill to incorporate the Rudisill Gold Mining Company and an engrossed resolution to furnish clerks, not heretofore supplied, with copies of the Revised Code, passed their final readings.

On motion of Mr. Thigpen, a message was sent to the Senate, proposing that the two Houses proceed forthwith to the election of one Trustee of the University.

Mr. Murrill (by leave) introduced "a bill to amend the charter of the town of Jacksonville, Onslow County, The rules were suspended. The bill was amended on its second reading, on motion of Mr. Everett, by providing that in the election for commissioners of said town, the commissioner who received the highest number of votes, shall be the Mayor of the town. The bill as amended passed its second and third readings.

Messages were received from the Senate refusing to concur in House amendment to the "bill to furnish Clerks not heretofore supplied with copies of the Revised Code," and asking the appointment of a committee of Conference; also refusing concurrence in the proposition to proceed forthwith to elect one Trustee for the University.

An engrossed bill to prohibit the sale of Spirituous Liquors in the town of Salem, had its first reading.

The House concurred in Senate amendments to the bill to amend the charter of the Tuckasegee and Keowe Turnpike Company; and also in the proposition (above) to raise a committee of Conference.

Mr. Allison presented the resignation of Messrs. A. D. McLean, A. H. Davis, R. W. Allison and W. W. Wheeler, Directors of the Insane Asylum. The letter of resignation was transmitted to the Senate.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford.

Mr. Jenkins of Warren, (by leave) introduced "a bill concerning Assignments. Ordered to be printed and referred to the committee on the judiciary.

Mr. McAden, from the joint select committee on salaries and fees, reported "a bill to regulate salaries and fees." Read first time and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Davis, of Carteret, (by leave) a bill to amend the charter of the town of Beaufort.—Passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

A resolution in favor of Drury King, passed second reading.

Mr. Ashworth presented a petition from justices of the Peace of Randolph county, praying a repeal of so much of the odinance of the State Convention, entitled, "Revenue" as requires Sheriffs to pay fines, forfeitures, etc., into the Public Treasury. Referred to the Finance Committee.

The House then adjourned until ten o'clock, A. M., to-morrow. (Mr. Hoke presided to-day, at the Speaker's request, the latter being necessarily absent from his post.)

WASHINGTON, February 8.

EFFORTS OF REPUBLICANS TO AVOID A VETO—NO COMPROMISE BY THE PRESIDENT IN POLICY OF RESTORATION.

There is reason to believe that efforts have been made by leading Republicans to effect such an understanding with the President, as to the measures pending in Congress, as to avoid a veto, and a consequent rupture. The Freedmen's Bureau bill and the civil rights bill—both Senate bills—will soon go to the President backed by the two-thirds powers of both Houses. The Republicans would willingly let him off from signing any more bills of this character, if he will only approve of these.

But the well-considered and explicit terms of the President's talk to the Montana delegation would seem to exclue the idea of any compromise whereby the policy of restoring the Government to its original principles will be ignored. No one will pretend that these bills are in accordance with the views expressed by the President, and which, as he says, he can afford to stand by. We may gather from the replies of the President to the delegation of colored men that he will not favor negro suffrage until the people, where it is to be exercised, shall also assent to it. He will not aid in forcing it upon any State or community. In fine, the President will not lend his aid to the combination whose measures would promote a war of races in the South, and, by necessary consequence, repudiation in the North.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

The Franco-Mexican-American embroglio is apparently settled. This will greatly help to restore financial confidence. To the practical wisdom and statesmanship of President Johnson and Mr. Seward we owe this favourable result. The United States are bound by every honourable, and in fact, every selfish consideration, to adhere strictly to our professed neutrality in regard to the internal conflict in Mexico.

MARRIED,

In Chatham county, at the residence of the bride's father, Jan. 31st, by Rev. R. A. Willis, Capt. G. W. Wilcox, of Moore, and Miss Isabella C., daughter of J. J. Palmer, Esq.

At Thomasville, N. C., Feb. 8th, 1866, by Rev. D. R Bruton, Mr. P. C. Thomas to Miss A. E. Shelly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

ONE Rosewood, French Cottage Piano For terms, apply to

MISS M. E. BRASWELL,
Battleboro, N. C.

Feb 13. 157. 1w

STOLEN.

MY Mare was taken from Mr. John Cogle's stable, in Moore county, near the Gold Mine, on Monday night, the 29th of January. She is a sorrel, blaze in her face, small legs, moves quick, stands with the toes of her fore feet pointing towards each other somewhat, tolerably short tail, with a few small white spots about her back; in traveling turns her head quickly from one side to the other. Any information so I can get her, will be thankfully received and liberally rewarded. CASWELL W. KING,
Burney's Mills, Randolph Co., N. C.

Feb 13, 157, 3t w

WANTED,

A FIRST class Teacher of age and experience, to take charge of the Academy at Company's Shops, North Carolina. Apply in person to the Trustees.

Feb 12, 156, 3t

N. H. D. WILSON,

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Agent,
AND
Broker,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to filling orders from stockholders and debtors of Banks, who wish to prepare to meet their respective liabilities.

Feb 12, 156, 1m, pd

PRICE LIST.

The best quality of Green Tea,	$1 50
" " Rio Coffee,	40
Sugar,	20
The best quality of Cheese,	25

AT COST! AT COST!

AT COST!!

Ready-made Clothing.
Woolen Dress Goods.
Ladies Cuffs and Collars.

J. KINSEY.

Raleigh, Feb 12, 156, 1w

FOR SALE

A QUANTITY of good MANURE. Also, a good BUGGY. Also,

FOR RENT,

A Dwelling House with four large rooms near the Exchange Hotel. Apply to

W. H. CUNINGGIM,
Exchange Hotel.

Feb 10, 155, 1w

A. A. WILLARD,

Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries and General Merchandize,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 30 North Water Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO

Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear, Greensboro.
Rev. W. E. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C.
Messrs. James Corner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.

Wilmington, Jan 9, 127, 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of

Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.

All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs. Dowley, Corners & Co, New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.

MERCHANDIZE

received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.

A full supply of

GROCERIES,

kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash.

Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,

with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Locks—key weighing only one-quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.

75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown-Sheeting,

for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C.

January 26, 142, 6m.

Cotton Yarn and Sheetings.

75 BALES for sale by

A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

NEW STORE

ON

EAST HARGETT STREET.

T. D. SLEDGE takes this method of informing the public that he has recently had built a Store House at his residence on East Hargett street, south of the Grave Yard, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers, as he is now prepared to offer better bargains than is offered elsewhere, not having the heavy expense of renting a house as many have, and having bought my goods recently at very low prices, I am determined not to be undersold, but to sell cheaper than most persons do.

I offer best qualities of
Rio Coffee, at 40 cents per lb,
Crushed Sugar, at 30 cents per lb,
Brown Sugar, at 20 cents per lb,
Green Tea, at $2 50 per lb,
Lard, (nice white) at 30 cents per lb,
Molasses, (prime) at 90 cents per gallon.
New Bacon Ham, Shoulders and Middlings. Excellent.

Cheese, Pepper,
Ginger, Spice,
Cloves, Nutmeg,
Mustard, Preserves,
Fine Table Salt in Small Sacks,
Powder, Shot,
Percussion Caps,
Pickles, Starch,
Carb Soda, Potash,
Jellies, Sardines,
Brandy Peaches, Well Buckets,
Sugar, Soda, and Water Crackers,
Water Buckets, Sifters, Bed Cords,
Wash-Boards, Matches,
Knives and Forks,
Copperas, Onions,
Irish Potatoes, Apples,
Almonds, Pecans,
English Walnuts,
Filberts, Palm Nuts
Prunes, Dates, Candies,
Segars, Whiskey,
Fine old French Brandy,
Gin, Sherry, and Madeira Wines, in bottles,
Raisins
in ¼, ½, and whole boxes, very fine.

—ALSO—

Calicoes, Delaines, Ginghams,
Pant Goods, Cambric, Hosiery,
Towels, Thread, Handkerchiefs
Bleached Domestic, Needles,
Combs, Pins, Hooks & Eyes,
Colognes, Hair Oils, &c, &c.,

And many other articles not mentioned.

I return my grateful thanks to the citizens of Wake county for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and hope to merit a continuance by fair and honest dealing. T. D. SLEDGE.

East Hargett street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 9, 154. 1w

ARRANGEMENTS FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER.

A COMPLETE assortment of Silk Mixed, Single Milled, Drap d'Ete, English Merino, Alpaca, Linen and Cloth Coats.

Match Suits.

White Marseilles and Silk Vests,

Newest style

French Cassimere Pants,

all now making under the supervision of

Our Mr. Harding,

in the city of New York.

There has never been a finer or more desirable assortment of

Gents and Youth's Clothing

exhibited in this City, than we are now getting up. We shall offer no garment that we cannot warrant in every particular. As hitherto so shall it be hereafter, the goods offered at the Clothing Store of

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO.,

cannot be equaled in cut, workmanship, &c.

Our terms are cash on delivery of goods and will in no instance be changed. It costs us cash to manufacture, and we must sell for cash. If we give credit to a few, we must to many, or act with partiality The customer is always benefited by the cash system, for the reason that paying customers are not charged extra to make up for those who never pay.

Our stock of Muslin Shirts, Collars, Ties, Half-Hose and Show-case Goods, is complete.

Black and colored Hats for city and plantation wear on hand—a good assortment. A good assortment of Trunks, Valises and Umbrellas on hand.

We will take measures and manufacture Suits for those who desire it, at the shortest notice.

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO.,
Fayetteville Street,
Feb 9, 154, 1m Raleigh, N. C.

*** Standard copy.

PUBLIC SALE.

TO close the business of the late firm of STERLING, CAMPBELL & ALBRIGHT, we will offer for sale at public auction in Greensboro, on Wednesday, the 7th day of March next, all the property and stock of said Firm, consisting of

House and Lot,

1 Adams' Book Press,
1 Gordon Job Press,
2 Hand Presses,

with all the fixtures of a No 1 printing Establishment.

—ALSO—

A large number of "OUR OWN SERIES" of School Books, and many other articles.

TERMS: all sums under $25 cash.

All sums over $25 and under $100, 3 months, and Over $100, 6 months with note and approved security. RICH'D STERLING,
J. W. ALBRIGHT,
Surviving Partners.

Greensboro, Feb 12, 1866, 5t

DR. J. R. G FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N C. J. C. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N C.

Faucette & Bro.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

Purchasing Agents,

AND

GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,

Opposite the Gaston House,

NEWBERN, N. C.

December 16-110-3ms.

PETER MALLETT

General Commission

AND

SHIPPING MERCHANT,

NO 23 NORTH WATER ST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES, Lumber, and other Produce for Sale or Shipping, respectfully solicited. Liberal advancements made. Orders promptly executed.

Nov 25—93-3ms.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE firm heretofore known as that of Baker, Cowper & Co has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The duties devolving on one of the partners as Cashier of the Bank of Cape Fear, and the removal of the other to Norfolk (his residence before the war) for the purpose of practicing law, have caused this dissolution. The business will be continued by Mr. Pulaski Cowper and Mr James A. Moore, late Teller of the Bank of Cape Fear, under the name and style of Cowper & Moore, who will settle up the business of Baker, Cowper & Co.

WM J. BAKER,
PULASKI COWPER,
WM. H. JONES.

Jan. 28, 199, tf.

Clauson's Patent Pepper Box-Top.

THIS simple and convenient invention has a brush in the inside, which is made to revolve by a screw; and, when once fixed on with Plaster of Paris, there is no danger of its falling off. Call at Heartt & Mink, and procure one. Price 50 cents. Customers at a distance will please enclose one three cent stamp for each Top that is ordered.

GEO. W. FENTRESS.

Raleigh, Feb 2, 149, 2w

CENTER OF ATTRACTION.

IT is a fact universally acknowledged that the New Style pictures made at

Watson's Photograph Gallery,

cannot be surpassed for artistic skill and beauty.

Ivorytypes, Cartes de Visete, Ambrotypes, plain and colored Photographs, life size, Portraits colored in Oil, are all made in the very best style.

Call and examine specimens of the art.

Raleigh, Jan. 29, 144, 3m.

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO!

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their friends that they still continue to manufacture the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco, and are prepared to sell by retail or wholesale. Orders solicited. B. F. MORRIS & SON.

Durham's, N. C., Jan 26, 137, 1m

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,

Commission Merchants,

No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited

☞ Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO

Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Donnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq., Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C; Seymour Steel Greensboro, N C R Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R 67-tf.

NOTICE.

I SHALL offer for sale, at public auction, on Tuesday, 20th of February next, the farm on which I now reside, situated partly in Nash, and partly in Edgecombe Counties, N. C. This farm contains nine hundred and seventy-five acres, of which one-third is in a high state of cultivation and well adapted to the growth of cotton, corn and oats. The other portion is well timbered and peculiarly valuable on account of the growing demand for lumber in the vicinity.

I will sell, at the same time, my stock of all kinds, including Horses, Mules, Cows and Calves, Sheep, Sows and Pigs, and all of good breeds.

-ALSO-

five hundred barrels of Corn, a large quantity of Fodder and Shucks, farming Utensils of all kinds, Wagons and Carts, a fine collection of Carpenters' Tools, and about twenty thousand pounds of Pork already killed and salted.

All this property will be sold under the hammer of Mr. J. J. Alston, well known as an accomplished auctioneer.

This property is peculiarly valuable, from the fact that it is within easy access of the Wilmington and Weldon Rail Road, being only three miles from one station and six from another. Location remarkably healthy.

Terms made known on day of sale.

J. W. PARKER.

Jan. 30, 143, tds.

☞ New York *Times* copy six times and forward bill to this office.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

KELLOGG & BRENIZER,

BANKERS, BROKERS,

—AND—

INSURANCE AGENTS,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

GOLD AND SILVER, EXCHANGE, BANK Notes, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

Deposits received subject to sight checks as with the Banks.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Will transact all business promptly and on reasonable terms jan 5, 124, 3m

THOMAS & CO.,

Bankers,

No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,

SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c. of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount, [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE.

$300,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100 0 0 Seven Thirties, [different series]
$50 000 Five-Twenties, [' 2, '64 and '65 issues [
$50 000 One Year Certificates Nov 16 85-tf

W. GOODMAN, Mississippi. A. P. MERRILL, JR., New York.

GOODMAN & MERRILL,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants.

36 New Street, New York.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE ADVANCES ON consignments in store or on receipt of bills of lading.

All consignments to us will be covered by Fire and Marine Insurance unless otherwise directed.

We have made an arrangement with Mr. D. W. Courts, late Public Treasurer of N. C., by which he becomes interested in all the business sent us from that State. We solicit the patronage of his friends.

He is not associated now with the firm of Bennett, Van Pelt & Co., New York.

Jan 8, 126, 3ms.

LOUISBURG

FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the second Wednesday in January, 1866.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in the Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:

Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights,	$50 00
Tuition in regular course including Latin,	20 00
EXTRA STUDIES.	
Music on Piano and Guitar, each,	20 00
French and Drawing, each,	10 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Needle Work,	5 00

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its equivalent in currency. One half in advance; the remainder at the close of the session. Each pupil will furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and towels.

T. M. JONES.

Jan. 16-139-tf.

JOHN HUGHES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NEWBERN, N. C

16-3m-pd.

DAILY SENTINEL.

Tuesday, February 13, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

STOLEN HORSES.—We are glad to learn that J. W. Harris, Esq., found two more of his horses on Saturday night. They were found tied in the woods beyond the Lunatic Asylum.

NEWBERN.—At the recent city election, John N. Washington, Esq., was elected Mayor, and Messrs. H. J. Meminger, Alex. McLacklin, W. H. Oliver, E. R. Stanly, Jos. J. Roberson and James Osgood, Commissioners.

EVENING PAPER.—The *Progress*, of this city, has become an evening paper. It is issued every evening except Sunday. By this arrangement Sunday work is avoided. We are pleased at this arrangement. We have, from the first, avoided Sunday work by printing our paper on Saturday evening for Monday.

LOUISBURG.—At an election held in Louisburg, on Monday the 4th inst., the following gentlemen were elected.

Mayor—W. H. Pleasants.

Commissioners—Messrs. W. H. Yarborough Thos. White, J. J. Minetree and J. J. Harper.

For the Sentinel.

Scaling.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—There are no people who are more honest in their dealings, or more punctual, than the people of the State of North Carolina, in the payment of all their just debts.—They are, and always have been, willing to pay a fair price for all they get. Nothing selfish or niggardly about them.

Therefore, the proposition now before the Legislature, to fix a regular scale of all business transactions, since the war commenced to a gold standard, may pass in such a shape as to operate very unequally, and do great injustice, in fact, in many cases, oppressively.

All money contracts, where the kind of money is not specified, should be submitted to a scale, something similar to the one reported to the Senate, though not precisely. All other transactions as to property, the use of property or labor, should be referred to a board of assessors, appointed by the county court for each county, to say what is or was a fair, just or true value of the same, taking the average of the prices for the last five years previous to the war. For it is a well known fact to *all*, that no property, or the use of property, ever came half way up to gold, and that gold never was a standard in trade, through the country. That no man thought of asking, or could get in many cases one-tenth for his property at the gold rates.—Had it not been for the blockade running business, whereby they could make from an hundred to one thousand per cent, the difference between Confederate money and gold would have been one-fourth what it was. As an illustration: The editor who, during the war, charged from ten to thirty dollars for his paper, reducing the amount to the gold standard, would not get more than from ten to thirty or forty cents. Not enough to pay for the candle, much less the paper upon which it was printed. The same way in regard to the hire of a negro, or rent of a house. The hirer or renter will not receive under the gold standard more than from ten to fifteen dollars for hire of his negro, when, before the war, he usually got from seventy-five to one hundred dollars. The same may be said in regard to the price of a horse, which brought before the war in gold, one hundred dollars, and although he sold him for two thousand dollars, in preference to giving twenty dollars per bushel for corn, by such a scaling, instead of getting one hundred dollars he could only get some twenty dollars; so with thousands of cases you can bring to mind. The purchaser in *all* such cases will get the property for almost nothing. I ask in all conscience, would there be any equity and justice in this scaling of property &c., to a gold standard? No it would, as before stated, be ruinous to the seller. I am clearly of the opinion that a very short act embodying two simple provisions, would in a great degree obviate the present difficulty.

As I have before stated, scale *all* money transactions by a gold standard, and in the next place, provide for the appointing a committee of assessors for each county, to fix the value as before recited, to a *fair value* for all the property, and the use of property or labor.

The probability is that after a few decisions by the Board fixing the standard of value for each article of property, the use of property of for labor, the public at large would be governed by the same, and settle without the aid of such commission.

This whole matter is of the utmost importance, touching society in its minutest business transactions. In fact, to reduce all transactions relative to property or the use of property, to a gold standard, would be attended with great injustice in many cases, and ruinous in others.

If the ordinance of the Convention is believed to be in the way of such an act, postpone the whole matter, and pass a resolution asking the Convention when it meets again, to modify the ordinance in such way as to admit of the aforesaid act. EQUITY.

For the Sentinel.

The Stay Law the Case Plainly Stated.

MESSRS EDITORS:—The bill introduced in the Commons by Dr. Joyner of Halifax, which recently appeared in your paper, is doubtless, designed to extend relief to the debtor. That it seeks to do this in a reasonable way, is best evidenced by the following facts:

First.—It provides that the creditor shall have judgment for all the interest accrued on his debt, within *twelve* months from the return term, and he becomes entitled to receive the money for this interest, should his debtor be solvent, within *eighteen* months from the return term, and is further entitled to judgment annually for the interest that may thereafter accrue.

Secondly.—It provides, that the creditor shall have *final* judgment and a *lien*, on the property of the defendant, within *two* years from the return term, and becomes entitled to the money for his debt within four years from the return term.

If four years appear to the creditor to be an unjust delay, he must take into consideration, that the bill gives him *judgment* and a *lien* within two years, and then *ties* up the debtor's property for the creditors benefit.

In view of the foregoing facts. I cannot understand upon what ground your correspondent "Nameless" comes to the conclusion, that the bill is "exclusively for the benefit of the debtors," and "practically" ignores "the claims of the creditors."

Now the question arises, "Should creditors claim any more stringent law for the collection of debts, than Dr. Joyner's bill?" I answer that they should not, but, on the contrary, should be well satisfied with its provisions. By the abolition of slavery, without compensation, the means of the debtor to meet his liabilities have been lessened at least one-third, and, as a general rule, one half. The creditor is protected by the constitution of the United States. Were it not for this protection, public sentiment would compel legislators to enact such laws as would *scale* his debt in proportion to the losses of his fellow-citizens. But, unmindful of the calamities which have befallen our people, many creditors are clamoring against all relief being extended to debtors as a class, and seem as anxious to enforce their claims as if no public misfortune had befallen us. I admit, as a general rule, that a stay law is not advisable, but under the extraordinary circumstances of the present day, he who refuses so to frame legislation as to hold, for a while, the hand of the creditor, must be blind to the best interests of the public.

The suggestion of "Nameless" that the provisions of the bill should not be applied to debts contracted since the "surrender", is impracticable. I have no hesitation in expressing the opinion that any bill, which attempts to draw such a distinction, will be declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

FAIR PLAY.

BISHOPS OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The *Nashville Advocate* gives the following account of the Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:—Bishop Soule was at Nashville on the 5th inst., the sixty-first anniversary of his itinerant ministry. He was enjoying comfortable health, though aged eighty-five. He resides near Nashville.

Bishop Andrew, now past his "three score and ten," resides at Summerfield, Alabama, and retains "considerable physical vigor."

Bishop Paine resides at Aberdeen, Miss., is over sixty years of age, and enjoys fine health.

Bishop Pierce resides near Culverton, Ga.—He is now about fifty-five years of age. His father, Dr. Lovick Pierce, now in advanced years, is still able to "deliver two or three sermons on the Sabbath, and ofentimes during the week."

Bishop Kavanaugh's home is at Versailles, Ky. He is said to be "in labors abundant."

THE SMALL POX.—It is absolutely astonishing to realize the difficulty of obtaining any reliable information in reference to the progress of this disease in Wilmington. There appears to be a vague impression that it is on the decline: but our own knowledge of it is as unreliable as that of one who lives in another State. How strange that the number of new cases and deaths, each day, is not required to be officially reported to the Mayor or Chief of Police.—*Wil. Dispatch.*

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina	30
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	20
" Lexington at Graham	25
" Roxborough	30
" Wadesborough	15
" Thomasville	15
" Wilmington	12
" Commerce	15
" Washington	7
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	7
" Yanceyville	10
Miners' and Planters' Bank	25
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	25
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	12
Merchants' Bank, Newbern	30
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	50
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	90
Old Sixes	80
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	18
" Commerce	14
" Clarendon	10
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	18
" North Carolina [Gold]	25
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	18
" Wadesboro	14
" Wilmington	10
" Washington	10
" Yanceyville	10
Commercial Wilmington	10
Farmers' Greensboro	20
Greensboro Mutual	10
Merchants', Newbern	25
Miners' and Planters'	20
Virginia Bank notes, average	15
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	10
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old North Carolina Coupons	45
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	90
North Caro'ina 6's, ten Coupons on	78
Exchange on New York	¼

MARKET REPORT.

CORRECTED DAILY BY JORDAN WOMBLE,

Grocer and Commission Merchant for all kinds of Country Produce.

APPLES—Dried	$2 00 @ 250
Green	2 50 @ bush
BACON—Firm	20@25 @ lb
BEEF	8-10c @ lb
BUTTER	40c @ lb
BLUESTONE	40c @ lb
BEESWAX	30c @ lb
CANDLES	35@37½ @ lb
COTTON YARN	3 50 @ bale.
COTTON	30@33c @ lb
CHEESE	35c @ lb
CHICKENS	35 50c each
COFFEE	40c @ lb
CORN	1 25 @ bush
EGGS	30 @ doz
FRESH PORK	12½@15c @ lb
FODDER	2 00 @ cwt.
FLOUR—Superfine	10 50 @ bbl
Family	13 00 @ bbl
HIDES—Green	10c @ lb
Dry	15c @ lb
HAY	1 00 @ cwt.
HONEY—In comb	27c @ lb
LAMB	10@12c @ lb
LARD	25@30c @ lb
MEAL	1 25 @ bul
MULLETTS	18 50 @ bbl
MACKEREL	20 00 @ bbl
NAILS	12½c @ lb
ONIONS	2 00 @ bush
PEACHES—Dried	20c @ lb
PEAS—White	1 20 @ bush
Stock	1 00 @ bush
POTATOES—Irish	1 00 @ bush
Sweet	1 25 @ bush
SUGAR—Crushed	35c @ lb
Brown	20c @ lb
SYRUP	75 100 @ gal
SODA—Cooking	20c @ lb

Thomas Smith,

JOBBER

AND

DEALER

IN

FOREIGN

AND

DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY,

TRIMMINGS,

RIBBONS,

CARPETS,

&c., &c.

25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG,

VIRGINIA.

Large lots of Goods being constantly received from Auction, buyers will find it to their interest to examine this Stock before making their purchases The Stock, which is one of the largest in the State, is bought entirely by the Package, from first hands, thereby enabling us to sell as low as any similar goods can be bought in the North our market.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Petersburg, Va., Feb 10, 138, 1y

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

The President and the Virginia Delegation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.

The President gave the Virginia delegation, on yesterday, a warm reception. He had confidence in the judgment, integrity, intelligence and virtue of the great masses of the American people, was willing to trust them, and thanked God we had not reached that point when we had lost confidence in one another. He strongly expressed himself in favor of an early restoration. No expression for the South could be more friendly.

Funeral Obsequies of President Lincoln.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.

Mr. Bancroft delivered his eulogy upon President Lincoln to-day, before an immense gathering. The President and Cabinet, many Army and Navy officers, and a large delegation of foreign ministers were present. Many were unable to obtain admission.

The speaker, in the course of his address drew a parallel between Palmerston and Lincoln, and paid the most glowing tribute to the to the character of the late President. The whole effort is generally considered one of the happiest of the eminent historian.

☞ We are pleased to learn, that Mr. Needham T. Perkins who was so brutally assaulted and robbed, near Pikeville, some days ago, is in a fair way to recover.

By some, it is thought, that he will be enabled, when his recollection fully returns, to identify the parties who waylaid him. We sincerely trust he may, and thereby place within the clutches of the law, one or more of the villains who infest the neighborhood of the attempted murder.—*Goldsboro News.*

Governor Jenkins, at the request of the ladies of Milledgeville, has issued an appeal to the ladies of Georgia to contribute one dollar each for the relief of the wife of ex-President Davis.

Sugar.

REFINED and Cuba Sugar for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Coffee.

RIO and Java Coffee for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148 tf

Cuba Molasses.

IN hogsheads and barrels, for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

Matches,
Blacking,
Ink,
Wrapping Paper,
Letter Paper,
Spelling Books, &c.,

For sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Bacon.

5000 POUNDS of Shoulders, bright and dry, for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

Candles.

150 BOXES "Adamantine" for sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

PALMER'S PATENT. 10.000 IN USE. 1865. 1609 CHESTNUT ST. PHILADELPHIA. ASTOR PLACE. NEW YORK. 19 GREEN ST. BOSTON. ADDRESS THE INVENTOR, B. FRANK. PALMER, LL.D. PRES'T. A. A. LIMB. C'O.

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or "First Prizes") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

Dr Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government, and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major-Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,

GEO. H TAYLOR,
Newbern, N. C.

Dec. 5-101-tf.

Select Boarding and Day School.

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK will re-open their school on Friday, 2nd of February, 1866.

Circulars forwarded on application.

Jan. 4, 124, 6w.

Fresh Garden and Grass Seed,

OF SUPERB QUALITY,

Warranted as represented from R. BUIST, the celebrated Seedsman of Philadelphia, Growth of 1865.

at PESCUD'S

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A large supply of Garden and Grass Seed, of the most choice varieties for sale wholesale and retail

☞ Call and get an Almanac. My friends throughout the State, can send memorandums by the members of the Legislature. P. F. PESCUD.

January 16, 1866.-135 tf.

GEO W. DILL,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

AND AGENT FOR MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMship Line, Morehead City.

Jan 1-130-3m.

A. A. MOFFITT. W. D. MOFFITT. JOHN M'LAURIN

MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 4 South Water Street,

Wilmington, N. C.,

WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores, General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Jan. 27, 142, 6m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

AT THE NOVEMBER TERM, 1865, OF THE Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Washington County, the undersigned qualified as Administrator, with the will annexed, on the estate of Jonathan J. Lindsey, deceased.

All who hold claims against the estate are notified to present them for payment, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All indebted to the estate are notified to make payment immediately

CHARLES LATHAM,
Admr. with the will annexed.

Jan 12, 130, law6w.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS,

Crop of 1865,

COMPRISING all the popular varieties, just received, and for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Jan. 30, 145, 2w.

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JAN. 7TH, 1866 trains will run as follows:

Going West.

	Mail Train.	Freight Train.
Leave Goldsboro,	5.10 P M	4 15 A M
" Raleigh,	9 00 "	9.00 "
" Hillsboro,	11.48 "	12.25 P M
" Greensboro,	3 10 A M	4.40 "
" Salisbury,	7.00 "	9 15 "
Arrive at Charlotte,	9 50 "	1.00 A M

Going East.

	Mail Train.	Freight Train
Leave Charlotte,	3 00 P M	4.30 A M
" Salisbury,	6 05 "	8 45 "
" Greensboro,	10 00 "	12 50 P M
" Hillsboro,	1.20 A M	5.00 "
" Raleigh,	4 30 "	8 45 "
Arrive at Goldsboro,	7.45 "	12.40 A M

Mail Train connects at Raleigh with the R. & G. R. Trains for the North; at Goldsboro with the A. & N. C. and W. & W. R. Rds; at Greensboro with the Piedmont R. R. and runs daily.

Freight Train has a Passenger Car attached for the accommodation of passengers and runs daily, Sunday excepted. E. WILKES,

Engineer and Superintendent.

Jan 11, 129 3m.

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next session will commence on the 11th of January, and close on the second Thursday in June. The College has been reorganized, refurnished, and is every way placed in a proper condition. At present board will be $15 per month in currency; tuition and other expenses at the usual rates. All expenses to be paid in advance. A daily hack will run from the College to High Point on the N. C. Railroad. For further information, address the undersigned.

B. CRAVEN, President.

Dec 9, 132, 2m

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS,

Are the most perfect purgative which we are able to produce, or which we think has ever yet been made by any body. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the ordinary medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and, being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliabilities of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted, suffering fellow men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use, and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the bowels and pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no other. The sick want the best and there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., and sold by

Williams & Haywood, P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C., and Dealers generally.

Jan 27, 142, 3m.

THOS. W. DAVIS. KIMBRO JONES, JR.

DAVIS & JONES,

GROCERS,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 26 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP constantly on hand a very large supply of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

consisting of

Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal,
Salt, Fish, &c., &c.

-ALSO-

Wood and Willow Ware,
Hardware,
Powder and Shot,
Soaps of all kinds,
Farming Implements of all descriptions, &c.

We respectfully solicit consignments of

Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Iron, &c.,

and

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All consignments shall receive personal and prompt attention. DAVIS & JONES.

Feb 1, 147, 3m.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO THE ENsuing General Assembly, for an Act to incorporate the "*Carolina Joint Stock Insurance and Trust Company.*" Jan 12, 130, 1m p4

CHARLES J. BAKER. WM. BAKER. CHARLES E. BAKER.

Baker Brothers & Co.,

Manufacturers, Importers and Agents for

BALTIMORE WINDOW GLASS.

Druggists Glassware, Vials Bottles, Jars, &c.

BI CARB. SODA, SAL SODA, BORAX, ALUM, and other Chemicals.

Paints, Oils, Glue,

Extract of Logwood, Castile Soap, &c., &c.

No. 34 AND 34½ S. CHARLES ST.,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Nov. 29-88-3m.

BROWN SHEETINGS.

TWO Bales best 4-4 Sheetings just received on consignment.

Also, Cotton Yarn by the bunch or bale in store.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

Feb 9, 154, tf

DAILY SENTINEL

WM. B. PELL, Proprietor.

Threatened Rebellion in Indiana.

The Covington (Indiana) *Friend*, gives the following hint of a threatened outbreak in that "loyal" State.

There is now organizing in this county a body of men, who openly declare it to be their intention to resist by force the collection of the tax levied to pay the soldier's bounties; they are daily and nightly holding meetings, in which they are passing resolutions denouncing every body who favor the payment of this tax, including Governor Morton, the Legislature, and the Supreme Court, and the declatory of their determination to resist the collection of tax by force of arms to the last. The movement is confined solely to members of that God-and-morality party, who, a few short months ago, were crying out for the last man and the last dollar, and who thought it a good thing when any of the copperheads were dratted and compelled to pay several hundred dollars for a substitute, or go themselves into the military service. They are the same men who danced about the soldier when he enlisted and left his home to fight for his country, promising him solemnly to take care of his family and supply their wants; and who, when that soldier was gone, left his family to starve, and now that this war is over, turn their backs upon the returned veteran and become rebels themselves by resisting a law made for his benefit. However grevious the burden of taxation may be, no good citizen will for a moment contemplate a violation of law, and his duty as a citizen to avoid its payment. We call upon all good citizens, therefore to discountenarce and frown this attempt to inaugurate a rebellion in our midst. Depend upon it, that disgrace and infamy will forever attach to those connected with it.

Jim Smiley's Jumping Frog.

"Mark Train," a San Francisco contributor to the New York Saturday *Press*, discourses of a queer California genius named Jim Smiley, who was always ready to bet. Here is a specimen:

"Well, this yer Smiley had rat 'erriers and chicken-cocks, and tom-cats, and all them kind of things, till you couldn't rest, and you couldn't fetch nothing for him to bet on but he'd match you. He ketched a frog one day and took him home and said he calflated to educate him, and so he never done nothing for three months but set in the back yard and learn that frog to jump. And you bet he *did* learn him, too. He'd give him a little hunch behind, and the next minute you'd see that frog whirling in the air like a doughnut, see him turn one summerset, or may be a couple, if he got a good start, and came down flat footed and all right, like a cat. He got him up so in the matter of ketching flies, and kept him in practice so constant, that he'd nail a fly every time as far as he could see him. Smiley said all a frog wanted was education, and he could do most anything—and I believe him. Why, I've seen him set Daniel Webster down here on this floor—Daniel Webster was the name of the frog—and sing out, "Flies, Daniel, flies," and quicker'n you could wink, he'd spring straight up, and snake a fly off the counter there, and flop down on the floor again as solid as a gob of mud, and fall to scratching the side of his head with his hind foot as indifferent as if he hadn't no iden he'd done any mor'n any frog might do. You never see a frog so modest and straightforward as he was. And when it came to fair and square jumping on a dead level, he could get over more ground than any animal of his breed you ever see. Jumping on a dead level was his strong suit, you understand, and when it came to that Smiley would stake up money on him as long as he had a red. Smiley was monstrous proud of his frog, and well he might, for fellers that had traveled and ben everywheres said he laid over any frog they ever see.

Well, Smiley kept the beast in a lattice box, and he used to bring him down town sometimes and lay for a bet. One day a feller—a stranger in the camp, he was—come across him with his box, and says:

"What might it be that you've got in the box?"

And Smiley says, sorter indifferent like, "It might be a parrot, or it might be a canary, may be, but it ain't—it's only just a frog."

And the feller took it, looked at it careful, and turned it around this way and that, and says, "H'm—so 'tis. Well, what's he good for?"

"Well," Smiley says, easy and careless, "He's good enough for one thing I should judge—he can out-jump any frog in Calaveras county."

"And the feller studied a minute and then says, kinder sad like, "Well, I'm only a stranger here, and I ain't got no frog, but if I had a frog I'd bet you."

And then Smiley says, "That's all right—that's all right—if you'll hold my box a minute I'll go and get you a frog," and so the fellow took the box and took the forty dollars along with Smiley's and set down to wait.

So he set there a good while thinking and thinking to hisself, and then he got the frog out and pried his mouth open, and took a tea spoon and filled him full of quale shot—filled him pretty near up to his chin—and set him on the floor. Smiley he went to the swamp and slopped around in the mud for a long time, and finally he ketched a frog and fetched him in and give him to this feller, and says:

"Now, you're ready, set him alongside of Dan'l with his fore paws just even with Dan'ls, and I'll give the word." Then he says, "one—two—three—jump!" and him and the feller touched up the frogs behind, and the new frog hopped off lively, but Dan'l gave a heave, and hysted up his shoulder—so—like a Frenchman, but it was no use—he couldn't budge; he was planted as solid as an anvil, and he couldn't no more stir than if he was anchored out. Smiley was a good deal surprised, and he was disgusted, too, but he didn't have no idea what the matter was of course.

The feller took the money and started away, and when he was going out at the door he sorter jerked his thumb over his shoulder—this way—at Dan'l, and says again, very deliberate, "Well—I don't see no points about that frog that's any better'n any other frog."

Smiley, he stood scratching his head and looking at Dan'l a long time, and at last he says, "I do wonder what in the nation that frog threwed off for—I wonder if there aint something the matter with him, he 'pears to look mighty somehow"—and he ketched Dan'l by the nap of the neck and lifted him up and says, "Why, blame my cats if he don't weigh about five pounds!"—and turned him upside down, and he belched out about a double handful of shot. And then he saw how it was, and he was the maddest man—he set the frog down and took out after that feller, but he never ketched him.

Parson Brownlow—A Parallel.

In the work entitled "The Great Iron Wheel Examined," of which the pious Brownlow is the author, the following passage occurs: "I take my stand with the friends of the institution of slavery in the South; and, in defence of the rights of the South, connected with this question, I will go as far as the next man—*even dying in the last ditch.*"

FOR SALE.

20,000 Bushels Corn.
5,000 " Wheat.
400 Boxes Manufactured Tobacco.
10,000 pounds Durham Smoking Tobacco.
A large lot Cooking Stoves, most improved patterns.
A valuable farm for sale in Hyde county.
One cotton plantation in Edgecombe county.
By WALKER, PARRAR & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, Commission & Forwarding Merchants, Craven Street, Newbern, N. C.
Jan 20, 137, 1m.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS MANGUM, will open the seventh session her School for young ladies, at the residence of her Mother, Mrs Willie P. Mangum, on the 15th of January 1866.

Only a limited number of pupils can be received. They will find a home in her Mother's family. For particulars apply to

MISS M P. MANGUM.
Flat River Orange Co., N. C.
Nov. 18-87-3m

Davenport Female College.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will be resumed on Monday, the 26th of February, 1866, with a full corps of instructors. This institution is delightfully situated at Lenoir, twelve miles from Isard's Station on the Western Extension.

TERMS.	
Board for twenty weeks,	$50 00
Tuition in English branches,	20 00
Music and use of Piano,	22 50
Drawing,	5 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Latin, Greek, French and German, each,	5 00
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.	
Tuition in first class,	12 50
Tuition in second class,	15 00
Contingent fee to be paid by each student, on entering the College,	2 00

For circular, address until 1st of February,
REV. J. R. GRIFFITH,
Abbeville, S. C.

P S. All of the above prices are to be paid in specie or its equivalent. dec 14 108—3ms.

North Carolina Map for 1866.

THE Subscriber has, after ten years of toil and experience, prepared *this new and beautiful map*, from new engravings, with all the new Counties, Rail Roads, Post Offices, with hundreds of additions and corrections, State border views, likeness of President Johnson, Andrew Jackson, J. K. Polk, Govs. Swain, Graham, Vance, &c., altogether presenting a superb Map, worthy of the State and a place in everyh ousehold, vastly superior to any thing in this line in finish and beauty.

This Map is entirely from new engravings, and is a great improvement on Cooke's & Pearce's old Map.

Beware of Northern humbugs and impositions.

This Map is now ready for printing.

Agents wanted in all parts of the State.

Editors who will copy and notice this advertisement, will be entitled to a proof copy of the Map, by sending paper to me.

Price of the Map, 5 feet by 4, handsomely painted and printed in the best style at the low price of $5 per copy.

SAMUEL PEARCE,
Hillsboro, N. C.
Jan. 23-139-1m.

RALEIGH, 1866.

LIFE INSURANCE NOTICE.

THE old and well established

Ætna Company, of Hartford,

Offers superior inducements to all who wish to provide for family or friends.

All losses are promptly paid. No case of litigation has ever occurred with this Company. With assetts of $2,300,000, it offers to receive one half of the premium in a note and half in cash, and, after the second year, to credit each customer with the dividends of the Company, which are now 50 per cent. With a small outlay, $5000, or $10,000, or $20,000, may be secured to the family after their earthly providers are taken away. What father or husband would not feel thankful on his dying couch, that he had availed himself of every proper means to place those nearest and dearest to him, above the pinchings of want, and a life of dependence upon friends or charity? 8 819 policies have been issued from the office ending Jan. 15, 1866. The total income for the year 1865 was $1,683,339 57; total disbursements $527,805 24, leaving a balance to surplus fund of $1,155,234 33.

In Raleigh, a large number have liberally responded and promptly acted in this matter; yet many delay, and may wait until it is too late. A man in this city lately left his place of business for his evening meal, well and healthy, but never reached that home except as he was carried there to die. Had that man taken the advice of the Agent, he might have left $5000 to minister to the necessities of a sorrowing family. Delays are dangerous, procrastination destructive. But one says, "If I only had confidence in the Company that it would pay, I would insure." Well, it never has failed to pay, and to-day is more responsible than ever before. It is patronized by some of the most sagacious minds in the land—men competent to detect and expose any deception if it existed.

W. H. CROW, Gen. State Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
W. B. GULICK, Local Ag't, "
N. H. B. WILSON, Greensboro.
C. W. DOWNING, Charlotte.
JOHN C. SLOCUMB, Goldsboro.
MITCHELL & ALLEN, Newbern.
J. A. WILLARD, Wilmington
Jan. 27, 142, 3m.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the present General Assembly, for the passage of a law to extend the limits of the Town of Swansboro', Onslow county, and other purposes.
Jan. 27, 142, 1w.

Substitute for Peruvian Guano,
AT LESS
Than Half the Cost!
BAUGH'S RAW BONE
Super-Phosphate of Lime.

BAUGH & SON'S,
MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,
Store No. 20 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

THIS valuable Manure has been before the agricultural public, under one name or twelve years past, and its character for vigor of action and permanence in effect is well established. Before the war, it was introduced, to some extent, in the Southern States, and was found to be highly adapted to

Cotton, Tobacco, and all Crops.

In its action, it is as quick as Peruvian Guano, while it does not leave the land in an exhausted state, but on the other hand permanently improves it. This has been fully proven by years of trial.

See pamphlet to be had of the Agent below.
BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Manufacturers,
Philadelphia.
For sale by **J. M. TOWLES.**
Raleigh, N. C.
Jan 29, 144, 1aw3m

Select School.

MISS M. MITCHELL, AND MRS. E. N. GRANT, Propose receiving into their family, as pupils, a few young ladies. Terms made known on application by letter or otherwise. The next session will commence January 15th, 1866.
Chapel Hill, Nov. 11-81 tf.

NOTICE.

HAVING BEEN ELECTED PRESIDENT OF Olin College, at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, I give notice, that the school will be opened at the usual time in January, 1866. An advertisement, stating full particulars, will shortly appear. Address me at Olin, Iredell County, N. C.
JAMES SOUTHGATE, President.
Dec 23-116-tf.

CIRCULAR.

To the Public:

The undersigned has now ready for the press a volume, the result of the lucubrations of many years, entitled a "Short Treatise on Chronology in General, and especially on Classical Chronology." The work is not intended to be a chronological chart, nor yet a collection of dates and synchronistic tables. The author's aim has been to prepare a "Horn Book" of Chronology, containing the leading principles, laws and facts of that science.

The FIRST part treats of measuring time and adjusting its various divisions; the SECOND, of fixing dates of historical events and arranging them in order; and the THIRD, of miscellaneous matters important to the chronologist.

UNDER THE FIRST DIVISION are discussed the day, the week, the month, the year and certain cycles used in computing the civil calendar and preparing the Almanac; the origin, history, nature, character, and various sub-divisions of each, especially among the ancients.

UNDER THE SECOND DIVISION the methods of ascertaining the dates or the time when they occurred; the actual dates of some important eras whose epochs ae disputed; the most important epochs and eras which have been employed at different times and by different nations, including those which are still in use; and the actual dates of the most prominent events in classical chronology.

UNDER THE THIRD AND LAST DIVISION are considered the epochs and eras of less importance; a sketch of the chronology of India and of China; the principles of the art of mnemotechyny as applied to dates, and the different systems of that art which have been propounded.

The author believes that a work successfully executed upon this plan, though it may not contain very much that is new, cannot but be useful and profitable, not only to the reading public, but also to the youth of our country, in the acquisition of classical and historical learning; and HISTORY will be THE STUDY of this age; it must always be the study of thoughtful men in times of revolution and great political changes, such as our country is at present undergoing.

The contributions of North Carolina, and of the Southern States of the Union generally, to American literature, have heretofore been few, and, for the most part, worthless. A few works of fiction and some fugitive poems include our past efforts; and, with the excellent Latin Grammar, and the edition of Cæsar's Commentaries, prepared for the press by Col. Bingham—works the very best of their character which have ever fallen under our observation, and which, under more favorable circumstances, will yet win for their author that high reputation in his profession which he merits—our contributions to USEFUL LITERATURE are of the very humblest character. Under such circumstances this book is, with some confidence, presented for public patronage.

The author proposes to publish by subscription. The cost of publication will be fifteen hundred dollars, or more. The book contains about two hundred and fifty 12 mo. pages. It will be brought out in the best style of one of our best American publishers, as to type, paper and binding. The cost of single copies delivered will be $2.50.

Persons desiring to subscribe can communicate with the undersigned at Raleigh, but subscription lists will be opened at various places of business in Raleigh and other towns in the State. Subscriptions will be required in cash as essential to the success of the enterprise. Editors who will give this Circular a few insertions and forward a copy of their papers containing it to the author, will be furnished with a copy of the book.

The volume will be placed in the hands of the publisher as soon as the author's success is at all assured, and will be issued to subscribers a few weeks thereafter.

E. GRAHAM HAYWOOD.
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 18, 1865.

GREAT SENSATION!!

The Parisian Monarch Dethroned!!!

THE WORLD OF FASHION
AT
FARRISS & LACK'S,
SELECTING THEIR OUTFIT FROM THEIR fresh arrivals of Goods, consisting of

New Broadcloths,
Beaver Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Ready-made Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Splendid Overcoats,
Collars,
Cravats,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Valises,
Handkerchiefs
&c., &c., &c., &c.

☞ Call and inspect Goods and Garments.

Fine Merchant Tailoring
is still carried on, but upon a larger basis than ever before attempted in the South.
An Entire Suit of Clothes
made up, at any moment, on 12 hours' notice.

Their Goods are all new, they have a splendid Cutter, and Needlemen whose work will compare favorably with any executed in Europe or in this country.
Jan 5-126—3m.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, No. 44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, respectfully invites his old customers, and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store.

J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Jan'y 10-123—3m.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

We invite special attention of purchasers to our large and interesting stock of

Miscellaneous Hardware,
Wooden Ware,
Willow Ware,
Crockery Ware,
Glass Ware,
China Ware,
Pot and Hollow Ware,
Stone Ware,
Tin Ware,
Iron and Steel Buggy Material,
Bridles,
Saddles,
Harness,
Collars, &c.,
Lamp Lanterns,
Oils, Paints,
Varnishes and Brushes.
—ALSO—
FAMILY GROCERIES.
In fact, for anything in the
House-Keeping Line.
Call at
44 Fayetteville Street,
J. BROWN,
WITH HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, Jan 15, 133, tf.

SELLING AT COST!!

KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,
AT THE OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG,
21 Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N. C.
ARE SELLING OFF THEIR ENTIRE STOCK At
New York Cost.
Dress Goods and Calicoes
AT COST!
Hats, Boots and Shoes,
Groceries and Cigars,
AT COST!
Fine Old Brandy, Gin and Whiskey,
In Bottles,
—ALSO—
Superior Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Per Gallon or Barrel.

Dealers and the public generally will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock.
KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 16-133-3m.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. T. CARRAWAY.
NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL HOUSE
AND
HARDWARE STORE.
MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
22 *Pollock Street, Newbern, N. C.*
Water Street, Wilmington, "

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of
Farmers',
Millers',
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,
AND OTHER
Hardware,
Agricultural Implements.
Leather and Rubber Belting,
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c., &c.
and can furnish, at short notice, any kind of
Machinery or Castings.
Agents for
R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.
Jan. 30, 145, tf.

C. W. WESTBROOKS, G. W ALBRIGHT.
WESTBROOK & ALBRIGHT,
NURSERYMEN AND DEALERS IN
Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grape-Vines, Strawberries, and other small fruits, Evergreens, Roses, Shrubbery, &c.

They would call special attention to a choice lot of Dwarf Pear, Apple and Cherry trees, and the advantage of planting them for early and abundant crops of excellent fruit.

Nursery store and office at present on corner of Davie and Sycamore Streets,
Greensboro', N. C.
List of prices sent to applicants
Jan. 2, 141, 3m.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,
WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.
B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!
JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his licensees to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER," renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.
Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs) Wilmington, N. C.
Dec. 4-10 -tf.

JAS. M. EDNEY,
Commission Merchant,
NO. 476½ BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Office of the Great American Pump,

A NEW AND WELL TRIED INVENTION, warranted to raise water from greater depths; to throw it further by hose; to force it to greater distances by hand than any other pump. The best insurance against fire.
JOHN POWERS, Manufacturer,
432 East 10th Street.
The American Wind Mill, Garden Engines, Brick Elevators, Hydropults, Hose, Rubber and Leather Belting, Brass Hose Pipes, Couplings, Bibbs, Pianos Melodeons, &c., always on hand. dec 23, 116, tf

FINE HORSE FOR SALE.

I OFFER my stallion, **DICK**, for sale. Dick is nearly thorough bred, kind in harness and easily managed.

Any parties, needing such a Horse, can buy him for $1000 in cash, or $1250 in six months, with proper security.
P. BABCOCK.
Raleigh, N C. 149, tf
☞ Standard please copy.

GUANO! GUANO!!

50 TONS No. 1 pure Peruvian Guano.
100 tons soluble Pacific Guano.
For sale in lots to suit by
W. H. McRAY & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Wilmington, N. C.
Feb 2, 148, 1m

LORILLARD
FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,
OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.
Cash Capital and Assets, $1,012,000.
C. NORWOOD, Prest, JNO. A. MILLS, Sec'y.

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.
November 22-90-tf.
☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

JACOB KULL & SONS,
PETERSBURG, VA.,
Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS
which we offer low to Jobbers.
Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
November 23-91-6m-pd.

To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of **Taw's Celebrated Car Grease,** for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels **anary Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.**

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.
Greensboro, October 6-52-tf.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.
N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.
Greensboro, Nov. 12-82-tf.

THE
Underwriters' Agency
OF NEW YORK,
CASH ASSETS,
Three Million Dollars
Issue Policies of
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Made payable in Gold or Currency.
Negotiable and Bankable
CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE
Are issued by this Association.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF
NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, N. C.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT
Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:
Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier,*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.
THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE
Insurance Company,
OF
New Orleans, Louisiana.
CAPITAL, - - - $565,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz; Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PECK, Agent.
Raleigh, Nov. 3 74 tf.

H. C. WHEELER,
OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,
WITH
JAMES PALMER & CO.
Wholesale Druggists,
AND DEALERS IN
Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.
No. 439 Market Street,
Philadelphia.
Nov. 11-81-6m.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, and Husbands.

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMINE the largest and handsomest Stock of Fancy Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptions.
$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$10,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c.
FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.
which will be sold at the lowest prices.
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE
PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of
CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.
☞ Great inducements to persons wishing to buy by wholesale. PH. THEIM.
December 14-108-tf.

COOKE'S HOTEL
IS open, and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, stop at Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cooke's, where you will get *good lodging, good eating, mineral water* to drink, and a *pipe* to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the approaching Convention.
GEO. T. COOKE.
September 1, 1865-23-tf.

Change of Time.

R. & G. RAILROAD COMPANY,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C., November 4, '65.
Change of Schedule.

On and after November 6th, 1865, the trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leave Raleigh,	4 30 A. M.
Arrive Gaston,	10 30 "

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Leave Gaston,	2 15 P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,	8 15 "

This train connects with all the trains between Greensboro and New York. Passengers by this line have no delays between those points.
ALBERT JOHNSON,
76-tf. Superintendent.
☞ Progress, Petersburg Express and Richmond Times copy till forbid.

M. J. Moore,
Of Stokes County, N. C.
WITH
Hood, Bonbright & Co
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
Philadelphia.
No. 529 Market Street.
Nov. 9-79-6m.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
AND
Agents for
SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMPANY, New York.
Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.
Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 16 35-6m pd.

JAS. F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,
JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H. CRAWFORD.
PURVIS & COMPANY,
Bankers,
No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.
WE TRANSACT THE
GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE MERCANTILE COLLECTION,
AND
STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,
In all their several departments.

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms.

Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.
Nov 16-85-6m. PURVIS & CO.

HENSHAW & THORBURN
COMMISSION & SHIPPING MERCHANTS,
MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.
☞ Business solicited. 74-6ms.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that they have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on the
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING BUSINESS
in all its branches.

Each member of the firm is a practical printer, and, with an experience of twenty years each, they confidently appeal to the people of their native State for a liberal share of patronage.

They have one of the
Largest Printing Establishments
in the State, and execute their own work, which, for neatness and cheapness, cannot be excelled in the South.

The senior member of the firm has been for a number of years Superintendent of the Printing Office of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, which has always sustained a high reputation for neat and tasty printing.

They are prepared to execute, at short notice,
Visiting,
Invitation and
Business Cards
All kinds of
Railroad,
Corporation,
School and
Court Blanks,
Bill and Letter Heads,
Bank Checks,
Circulars,
Handbills,
Posters, &c., &c
Particular attention paid to work in
COLORS AND BRONZE.
☞ Office in the rear of Williams & Haywood's Drug Store. Entrance on Hargett street.
JOHN NICHOLS,
JOHN C. GORMAN,
JOHN B. NEATHERY.
RALEIGH, Jan. 17th, 1866-134 1m.

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.
WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,
Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.
Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.
AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.
General Vessel Agents.
November 29 96-1y.

S. D. WALLACE. J. B. SOUTHERLAND.
WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office over A. E. Hall's Store,
No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,
Wilmington, N. C.
WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of
NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.
—ALSO—
TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.
Sep. 6, 1865-26-tf.

JOB PRINTING.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING NEATLY executed, with despatch.

Our arrangements are such that any of our friends desiring Job Printing can be promptly accommodated. Jan. 17, 134, tf.